Annual Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 September 2023

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GENERAL INFORMATION

DIRECTORS: J Lewis

D Stephenson K Lancaster-King

ADMINISTRATOR, SECRETARY

AND REGISTRAR:

Sanne Fund Services (Guernsey) Limited

1 Royal Plaza Royal Avenue St Peter Port

Guernsey GY1 2HL

INVESTMENT ADVISER: Investec Corporate and Institutional Banking

36 Hans Strijdom Avenue

Foreshore

Cape Town 8001 South Africa

REGISTERED OFFICE: 1 Royal Plaza

Royal Avenue St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 2HL

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR: Grant Thornton Limited

St James Place St James Street St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 2NZ

BANKERS: Investec Bank (Channel Islands) Limited

PO Box 188 Glategny Court Glategny Esplanade

St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 3LP

COMPANY REGISTRATION NO: 57717

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS For the year ended 30 September 2023

The Directors present the annual report and the audited financial statements ("the financial statements") of Britannic Opportunities Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 30 September 2023.

Principal Activity

The principal activity of the Company is that of a limited life investment holding company.

The Company is a Guernsey Registered closed-ended investment company and is subject to the Registered Collective Investment Scheme Rules and Guidance, 2021. The Company is listed on the Bermuda Stock Exchange.

Going concern

Subsequent to shareholder approval of a special resolution at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company in December 2022, the Company conducted a fund raising in April 2023, which closed on 5 May 2023 and was successful. Accordingly, under the terms of the Company's prospectus, and in the absence of a further special resolution to extend the life of the Company, the Company's shares will be redeemed and the Company will terminate in May 2028.

During the year, the war in Ukraine has continued to impact upon financial markets. However, the Board does not consider that there will be any significant impact on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, for the following reasons:

- The Company is closed-ended, as a result of which the Board has the power to decline requests to redeem shareholdings if it believes that such redemptions are not in the best interests of the Company;
- Should the Board agree to a redemption, it would be offered to the investor at a price that the assets can be redeemed in the market. The Company itself would not be exposed to any losses that may arise;
- The Company is less exposed to the risk of widespread investor sell-off, because of the defensive nature of
 the Company's investment profile. Other than through default or insolvency of the debt provider, investors will
 be aware that a key element of the Company's investment strategy is to provide capital protection, therefore
 limiting their exposure to falls in the markets of the kind that are currently being experienced; and
- During the year and subsequent to the reporting date, the Board has received no enquiries, either directly or via the Investment Adviser, from investors wishing to redeem their shareholdings at any other time other than at the predetermined planned date of redemption.

As a result of the above considerations, and as the Company has sufficient working capital and adequate resources to continue in operations and meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future, the Directors have determined that these financial statements should be prepared on a going concern basis.

Results and Dividends

The Statement of Comprehensive Income is set out on page 10. The Directors do not propose a dividend for the year ended 30 September 2023 (2022: Nil).

Directors

The Directors of the Company during the year and to the date of this report are detailed below.

Janine Lewis
David Stephenson
Keri Lancaster-King

Directors' and Other Interests

Janine Lewis is a Director of the Company and a director of Sanne Fund Services (Guernsey) Limited ("SFSGL"), the Company's Administrator, Secretary, Custodian and Registrar, David Stephenson is a Director of the Company and an employee of SFSGL, and Keri Lancaster-King is a Director of the Company and is a director of SFSGL.

During the year, no Director has had any beneficial interest in the shares of the Company.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2023

Directors' and Other Interests (continued)

No Director of the Company, or Investec Corporate and Institutional Banking ('ICIB'), the Investment Advisor to the Company, holds any right, either contingent or otherwise, to subscribe for shares in the Company.

Details of fees paid to SFSGL and ICIB during the year are contained in notes 5, 10 and 18 to these Financial Statements.

Total

No fees were paid to the Directors by the Company during the year.

Historical Results

The results and assets and liabilities of the Company for the last five years are as follows:

			Comprehensive
	Total Assets	Total Liabilities	Income
	£	£	£
Year ended 30 September 2023	119,441,292	28,357	6,808,605
Year ended 30 September 2022	79,990,975	251,975	12,028,119
Year ended 30 September 2021	67,737,473	26,592	5,432,555
Year ended 30 September 2020	62,301,378	23,052	1,154,379
Year ended 30 September 2019	61,239,599	115,652	5,169,249
Investment Portfolio			
The Company's investment portfolio comprises the follow	ing investments:		
	Percentage of	Cost	Carrying Value
	portfolio	£	£
Morgan Stanley Finance LLC Credit Linked Notes	79.2%	87,914,680	88,818,410
BNP Paribas Index Option	20.8%	21,995,849	23,284,711
	_	109 910 529	112 103 121

Morgan Stanley Finance LLC and BNP Paribas are providers of financial services.

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and financial statements in accordance with The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at the end of the financial year, and of the profit or loss for the financial year.

Under that law, the Directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs). Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable appropriate accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether IFRSs have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2023

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities (continued)

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 and with The Protection of Investors (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2020. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors confirm that:

- so far as each Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware;
- each Director has taken all the steps he ought to have taken as a Director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information; and
- the financial statements give a true and fair view and have been prepared in accordance with IFRS, with The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 and with The Protection of Investors (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2020.

Independent Auditor

Grant Thornton Limited have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them as auditor to the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By Order of the Board

Keri Lancaster-King Director 26 March 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the members of Britannic Opportunities Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Britannic Opportunities Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 30 September 2023 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 September 2023 and of its financial performance and its cashflows for the year then ended;
- are in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the IASB; and
- comply with the Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code), together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Guernsey, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report and Financial Statements but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on pages 5 and 6, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs as issued by the IASB, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the members of Britannic Opportunities Limited (continued)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
 forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Jeremy Ellis.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 262 of the Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the members of Britannic Opportunities Limited (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- proper accounting records have not been kept by the Company; or
- the Company's financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- we have not obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

Grant Thornton Limited

Chartered Accountants St Peter Port Guernsey

26 March 2024

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the year ended 30 September 2023

	Notes	2023 £	2022 £
INCOME Interest income	6	3,890,057	2,693,241
GAINS/(LOSSES) ON INVESTMENTS Realised gains on investments at fair value through profit or loss	7	8,061,754	_
Unrealised gains/(losses) on investments at fair value through profit or loss Gains/(losses) on derivative at fair value through profit or loss	7 9	1,615,781 185,464	(3,205,927) (389,383)
		13,753,056	(902,069)
Operating expenses Foreign exchange losses	10	(1,122,192) (5,855)	(789,401) (120)
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR		12,625,009	(1,691,590)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss			
Foreign exchange translation (losses)/gains	17	(5,816,404)	13,719,709
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		6,808,605	12,028,119
Earnings/(loss) per share			
Basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per A Class share	11	GBP 249.63	GBP (39.05)
Basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per B Class share	11	GBP 249.63	GBP (39.05)

There are no recognised gains or losses other than those reported above.

The notes on pages 14 to 28 are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 30 September 2023

Non-current at fair value through profit and loss 7 23,284,711			2023	2022
Investments at fair value through profit and loss		Notes		£
Investments at amortised cost	NON-CURRENT ASSETS		_	_
Table Tabl	Investments at fair value through profit and loss	7	23,284,711	_
Investments at fair value through profit and loss	Investments at amortised cost	8	88,818,410	-
Investments at fair value through profit and loss 7			112,103,121	
Investments at amortised cost	CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables 12 931,164 491,556 Long-term deposits 5,734,885 - Cash and cash equivalents 672,122 154,515 Total cash equivalents 7,338,171 79,990,975 CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 13 (25,184) (52,116) Derivative liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 9 - (199,859) NET CURRENT ASSETS 7,312,987 79,739,000 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 13 (3,173) - Trade and other payables 13 (3,173) - CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital 14 540 406 Share premium 15 88,479,176 51,135,535 Retained earnings 16 27,461,730 19,278,116 Translation reserve 17 3,471,489 9,324,943 EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS 119,412,935 79,739,000 Number of fully paid A Class shares 21,276.831 24,720.472 Number of fully paid B	Investments at fair value through profit and loss	7	-	12,362,976
Long-term deposits 5,734,885 - Cash and cash equivalents 672,122 154,515 7,338,171 79,990,975 CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 13 (25,184) (52,116) Derivative liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 9 - (199,859) NET CURRENT ASSETS 7,312,987 79,739,000 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 13 (3,173) - Trade and other payables 13 (3,173) - Trade and other payables 13 (3,173) - CAPITAL AND RESERVES The secondary of the secon	Investments at amortised cost	8	-	66,981,928
Cash and cash equivalents 672,122 154,515 CURRENT LIABILITIES 7,338,171 79,990,975 Trade and other payables 13 (25,184) (52,116) Derivative liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 9 - (199,859) NET CURRENT ASSETS 7,312,987 79,739,000 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 13 (3,173) - Trade and other payables 13 (3,173) - CAPITAL AND RESERVES 5hare capital 14 540 406 Share premium 15 88,479,176 51,135,535 Retained earnings 16 27,461,730 19,278,116 Translation reserve 17 3,471,489 9,324,943 EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS 119,412,935 79,739,000 Number of fully paid A Class shares 21,276.831 24,720.472 Number of fully paid B Class shares 39,937.903 18,597.629 Net Asset Value per A Class Share GBP 1,950.72 GBP 1,840.78	Trade and other receivables	12	931,164	491,556
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 13 (25,184) (52,116) Derivative liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 9 - (199,859) NET CURRENT ASSETS 7,312,987 79,739,000 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 13 (3,173) - Trade and other payables 13 (3,173) - CAPITAL AND RESERVES 5hare capital 14 540 406 Share premium 15 88,479,176 51,135,535 Retained earnings 16 27,461,730 19,278,116 Translation reserve 17 3,471,489 9,324,943 EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS 119,412,935 79,739,000 Number of fully paid A Class shares 21,276.831 24,720.472 Number of fully paid B Class shares 39,937.903 18,597.629 Net Asset Value per A Class Share GBP 1,950.72 GBP 1,840.78	Long-term deposits		5,734,885	-
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 13 (25,184) (52,116) Derivative liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 9 - (199,859) NET CURRENT ASSETS 7,312,987 79,739,000 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 13 (3,173) - Trade and other payables 13 (3,173) - CAPITAL AND RESERVES 5hare capital 14 540 406 Share premium 15 88,479,176 51,135,535 Retained earnings 16 27,461,730 19,278,116 Translation reserve 17 3,471,489 9,324,943 EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS 119,412,935 79,739,000 Number of fully paid A Class shares 21,276.831 24,720.472 Number of fully paid B Class shares 39,937.903 18,597.629 Net Asset Value per A Class Share GBP 1,950.72 GBP 1,840.78	Cash and cash equivalents		672,122	154,515
Trade and other payables 13 (25,184) (52,116) Derivative liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 9 - (199,859) NET CURRENT ASSETS 7,312,987 79,739,000 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 13 (3,173) - Lamber Capital AND RESERVES Share capital 14 540 406 Share premium 15 88,479,176 51,135,535 Retained earnings 16 27,461,730 19,278,116 Translation reserve 17 3,471,489 9,324,943 EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS 119,412,935 79,739,000 Number of fully paid A Class shares 21,276.831 24,720.472 Number of fully paid B Class shares 39,937.903 18,597.629 Net Asset Value per A Class Share GBP 1,950.72 GBP 1,840.78			7,338,171	79,990,975
Derivative liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 9 - (199,859) NET CURRENT ASSETS 7,312,987 79,739,000 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 13 (3,173) - CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital 14 540 406 Share premium 15 88,479,176 51,135,535 Retained earnings 16 27,461,730 19,278,116 Translation reserve 17 3,471,489 9,324,943 EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS 119,412,935 79,739,000 Number of fully paid A Class shares 21,276.831 24,720.472 Number of fully paid B Class shares 39,937.903 18,597.629 Net Asset Value per A Class Share GBP 1,950.72 GBP 1,840.78	CURRENT LIABILITIES			
NET CURRENT ASSETS 7,312,987 79,739,000 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 13 (3,173) - CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital 14 540 406 Share premium 15 88,479,176 51,135,535 Retained earnings 16 27,461,730 19,278,116 Translation reserve 17 3,471,489 9,324,943 EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS 119,412,935 79,739,000 Number of fully paid A Class shares 21,276.831 24,720.472 Number of fully paid B Class shares 39,937.903 18,597.629 Net Asset Value per A Class Share GBP 1,950.72 GBP 1,840.78		13	(25,184)	(52,116)
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 13 (3,173) - 119,412,935 79,739,000 CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital 14 540 406 Share premium 15 88,479,176 51,135,535 Retained earnings 16 27,461,730 19,278,116 Translation reserve 17 3,471,489 9,324,943 EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS 119,412,935 79,739,000 Number of fully paid A Class shares 21,276.831 24,720.472 Number of fully paid B Class shares 39,937.903 18,597.629 Net Asset Value per A Class Share GBP 1,950.72 GBP 1,840.78	Derivative liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	9	-	(199,859)
Trade and other payables 13 (3,173) - CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital 14 540 406 Share premium 15 88,479,176 51,135,535 Retained earnings 16 27,461,730 19,278,116 Translation reserve 17 3,471,489 9,324,943 EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS 119,412,935 79,739,000 Number of fully paid A Class shares 21,276.831 24,720.472 Number of fully paid B Class shares 39,937.903 18,597.629 Net Asset Value per A Class Share GBP 1,950.72 GBP 1,840.78	NET CURRENT ASSETS		7,312,987	79,739,000
T19,412,935 79,739,000 CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital 14 540 406 Share premium 15 88,479,176 51,135,535 Retained earnings 16 27,461,730 19,278,116 Translation reserve 17 3,471,489 9,324,943 EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS 119,412,935 79,739,000 Number of fully paid A Class shares 21,276.831 24,720.472 Number of fully paid B Class shares 39,937.903 18,597.629 Net Asset Value per A Class Share GBP 1,950.72 GBP 1,840.78	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital 14 540 406 Share premium 15 88,479,176 51,135,535 Retained earnings 16 27,461,730 19,278,116 Translation reserve 17 3,471,489 9,324,943 EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS 119,412,935 79,739,000 Number of fully paid A Class shares 21,276.831 24,720.472 Number of fully paid B Class shares 39,937.903 18,597.629 Net Asset Value per A Class Share GBP 1,950.72 GBP 1,840.78	Trade and other payables	13	(3,173)	-
Share capital 14 540 406 Share premium 15 88,479,176 51,135,535 Retained earnings 16 27,461,730 19,278,116 Translation reserve 17 3,471,489 9,324,943 EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS 119,412,935 79,739,000 Number of fully paid A Class shares 21,276.831 24,720.472 Number of fully paid B Class shares 39,937.903 18,597.629 Net Asset Value per A Class Share GBP 1,950.72 GBP 1,840.78			119,412,935	79,739,000
Share premium 15 88,479,176 51,135,535 Retained earnings 16 27,461,730 19,278,116 Translation reserve 17 3,471,489 9,324,943 EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS 119,412,935 79,739,000 Number of fully paid A Class shares 21,276.831 24,720.472 Number of fully paid B Class shares 39,937.903 18,597.629 Net Asset Value per A Class Share GBP 1,950.72 GBP 1,840.78	CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Retained earnings 16 27,461,730 19,278,116 Translation reserve 17 3,471,489 9,324,943 EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS 119,412,935 79,739,000 Number of fully paid A Class shares 21,276.831 24,720.472 Number of fully paid B Class shares 39,937.903 18,597.629 Net Asset Value per A Class Share GBP 1,950.72 GBP 1,840.78	Share capital	14	540	406
Translation reserve 17 3,471,489 9,324,943 EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS 119,412,935 79,739,000 Number of fully paid A Class shares 21,276.831 24,720.472 Number of fully paid B Class shares 39,937.903 18,597.629 Net Asset Value per A Class Share GBP 1,950.72 GBP 1,840.78	Share premium	15	88,479,176	51,135,535
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS 119,412,935 79,739,000 Number of fully paid A Class shares 21,276.831 24,720.472 Number of fully paid B Class shares 39,937.903 18,597.629 Net Asset Value per A Class Share GBP 1,950.72 GBP 1,840.78	Retained earnings	16	27,461,730	19,278,116
Number of fully paid A Class shares Number of fully paid B Class shares Net Asset Value per A Class Share 21,276.831 24,720.472 18,597.629 GBP 1,950.72 GBP 1,840.78	Translation reserve	17	3,471,489	9,324,943
Number of fully paid B Class shares 39,937.903 18,597.629 Net Asset Value per A Class Share GBP 1,950.72 GBP 1,840.78	EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		119,412,935	79,739,000
Number of fully paid B Class shares 39,937.903 18,597.629 Net Asset Value per A Class Share GBP 1,950.72 GBP 1,840.78	Number of fully paid A Class shares		21,276.831	24.720.472
·	• •		•	•
Net Asset Value per B Class Share USD 2,381.05 USD 2,056.15	Net Asset Value per A Class Share Net Asset Value per B Class Share		•	GBP 1,840.78 USD 2,056.15

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 26 March 2024 and signed on its behalf by:

Keri Lancaster-King Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended 30 September 2023

	Management Shareholders			nd B Class holders		Total
	Share Capital £	Share Capital £	Share Premium £	Retained Earnings £	Translation reserve £	Total £
Year ended 30 September 2022 At 1 October 2021	10	396	51,135,535	20,969,706	(4,394,766)	67,710,881
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	(1,691,590)	-	(1,691,590)
Other comprehensive income						
Foreign exchange translation gains (see note 17)	-	-	-	-	13,719,709	13,719,709
At 30 September 2022	10	396	51,135,535	19,278,116	9,324,943	79,739,000
Year ended 30 September 2023						
Net profit for the year	-	-	-	12,625,009	-	12,625,009
Other comprehensive loss						
Foreign exchange translation losses (see note 17)		_	-	-	(5,816,404)	(5,816,404)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	12,625,009	(5,816,404)	6,808,605
Transactions with owners						
Redemption of shares (notes 14,15,16,17)	-	(88)	(13,424,204)	(4,441,395)	(37,050)	(17,902,737)
Issue of shares (notes 14,15)	-	222	50,792,947	-	-	50,793,169
Share issue costs (note 15)			(25,102)	-	-	(25,102)
At 30 September 2023	10	530	88,479,176	27,461,730	3,471,489	119,412,935

The notes on pages 14 to 28 are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended 30 September 2023

	Notes	2023 £	2022 £
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit/(loss) for the year		12,625,009	(1,691,590)
Adjustments for:			
Interest income	6	(3,890,057)	(2,693,241)
Interest expense	10	2,352	2,701
Realised gains on investments at fair value through profit or loss	7	(8,061,754)	-
Unrealised (gains)/losses on investments at fair value through profit or loss	7	(1,615,781)	3,205,927
(Gains)/losses on derivatives at fair value through profit and loss	9	(185,464)	389,383
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables (excluding interest		, , ,	
receivable)		(417,903)	93,530
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables (excluding interest payable)		(5,569)	18,572
Net cash outflow from operating activities	•	(1,549,167)	(674,718)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest income		316	4,125
Transfers (to)/from long-term deposits		(5,734,885)	658,554
Proceeds of disposal of investments	7,8	83,408,903	-
Cost of purchases of investments	7,8	(109,910,529)	-
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from investing activities		(32,236,195)	662,679
Cash flows from financing activities			
Issues of share capital		50,793,169	_
Redemptions of share capital		(17,902,737)	_
Share issue costs	15	(25,102)	_
Interest paid		(20,542)	_
Net cash inflow from financing activities	•	32,844,788	
•	•	, ,	
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents for the year		(940,574)	(12,039)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		154,515	21,006
Foreign exchange translation gains		1,458,181	145,548
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		672,122	154,515

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 September 2023

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Britannic Opportunities Limited ("the Company") is a company incorporated and domiciled in Guernsey under The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008. The address of the registered office is given on page 3. The principal activity of the Company and its operations are detailed on page 4. These financial statements are presented in Pound Sterling. The functional currency of the Company is US Dollars.

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company, have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS'). The financial statements comply with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the revaluation of certain financial instruments measured at fair value.

Going concern

Subsequent to shareholder approval of a special resolution at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company in December 2022, the Company conducted a fund raising in April 2023, which closed on 5 May 2023 and was successful. Accordingly, under the terms of the Company's prospectus, and in the absence of a further special resolution to extend the life of the Company, the Company's shares will be redeemed and the Company will terminate in May 2028.

During the year, the war in Ukraine has continued to impact upon financial markets. However, the Board does not consider that there will be any significant impact on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, for the following reasons:

- The Company is closed-ended, as a result of which the Board has the power to decline requests to redeem shareholdings if it believes that such redemptions are not in the best interests of the Company;
- Should the Board agree to a redemption, it would be offered to the investor at a price that the assets can be redeemed in the market. The Company itself would not be exposed to any losses that may arise;
- The Company is less exposed to the risk of widespread investor sell-off, because of the defensive nature of the
 Company's investment profile. Other than through default or insolvency of the debt provider, investors will be
 aware that a key element of the Company's investment strategy is to provide capital protection, therefore limiting
 their exposure to falls in the markets of the kind that are currently being experienced; and
- During the year and subsequent to the reporting date, the Board has received no enquiries, either directly or via the Investment Adviser, from investors wishing to redeem their shareholdings at any other time other than at the predetermined planned date of redemption.

As a result of the above considerations, and as the Company has sufficient working capital and adequate resources to continue in operations and meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future, the Directors have determined that these financial statements should be prepared on a going concern basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 30 September 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Adoption of amended standards

The following relevant amended standard has been applied in these Financial Statements:

IAS 37 (amended), 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets' – (relating to the costs to include
when assessing whether a contract is onerous, effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1
January 2022).

In addition, the IASB issued its publication 'Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020', which amended certain existing standards, effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2022.

In the opinion of the Directors, the adoption of these amended standards has had no material impact on the Financial Statements of the Company.

Amended standards and interpretations not yet adopted

The following relevant standards, which have not been applied in these Financial Statements, were in issue at the reporting date but not yet effective:

- IAS 1 (amended), 'Presentation of Financial Statements' (amendments relating to the disclosure of accounting policies, and to the classification of liabilities, effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2023 and 1 January 2024 respectively);
- IAS 8 (amended), 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors' (clarifying how
 companies should distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates, effective for
 accounting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2023); and

The International Sustainability Standards Board ("ISSB") published the following Sustainability Disclosure Standards in June 2023, effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2024:

- · IFRS S1, 'General requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability-related Financial Information'; and
- · IFRS S2, 'Climate-related Disclosures'.

The purpose of both standards is to provide information that is useful to primary users of general purpose financial reports in making decisions relating to providing resources to the entity.

In the opinion of the Directors, the adoption of these new and amended standards will have no material impact on the Financial Statements of the Company.

Financial assets - classification

Under IFRS 9, the classification and measurement of financial assets is driven by the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristic of those financial assets.

The Company has determined that it has two distinct business models, as follows:

- (i) To invest in a debt instrument issued by Investec Bank Limited or another reputable financial institution. Under IFRS 9, financial assets that are debt instruments may be classified as either (a) amortised cost, (b) fair value through other comprehensive income or (c) fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"). The purpose of the Company's investment in the debt instrument is to collect the contractual cashflows of solely payments of principal and interest arising on maturity, which will provide capital protection for investors in the Company, and accordingly, the Company has determined that this investment should be classified as an investment at amortised cost.
- (ii) To invest in an option linked to an index or basket of indices (the "Option"), in order to provide investors with a potential upside on their investment. Under the terms of IFRS 9, the Option is automatically classified as an investment at FVTPL.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 30 September 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial assets - recognition and subsequent measurement

Purchased financial assets are recognised on trade date, being the date on which the Company irrevocably commits to purchase the asset.

All investments are measured initially at fair value net of transaction costs, except where the investment will subsequently be measured at FVTPL. Transaction costs relating to the acquisition of investments at FVTPL are expensed as incurred in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

After initial recognition, the Company's Option investment is measured at FVTPL. Fair value is calculated using quoted market prices, independent appraisals, discounted cash flow analysis or other appropriate valuation models at the reporting date. Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVTPL are recognised in other gains/(losses) in profit or loss in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as applicable.

After initial recognition, the Company's debt instrument is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Interest income from this financial asset is included in profit or loss. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains/(losses) together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses, including expected credit losses at initial recognition and changes to expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition, are presented as a separate line item in profit or loss in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

All gains or losses are recognised in the period in which they arise.

Investments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Liquid resources

Liquid resources comprise cash and cash equivalents and long-term deposits. Cash and cash equivalents comprises bank balances and short term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. Deposits with an original maturity of greater than three months are classified as long-term deposits.

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional, unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Company holds the receivables with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The Company applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables and contract assets.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities, other than those at FVTPL, are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Interest income

Interest income on financial assets at amortised cost is calculated using the effective interest rate method and recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2023

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign exchange

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (the "functional currency"). The Directors have determined that the functional currency of the Company is US Dollars, as it is the currency in which the Company's investments are denominated, a significant proportion (although not the majority) of capital raised, and in which the majority of the Company's expenses are incurred. The Directors have selected Pound Sterling as the presentation currency of the Company.

Foreign currency assets and liabilities are translated into Pound Sterling at the rate of exchange ruling on the reporting date. Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of US Dollars at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction, and then translated into Pound Sterling at the average exchange rate for the reporting period. Foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period in which they arise. Differences arising on translation from the functional currency to the presentation currency are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are taken to the translation reserve.

Expenses

Expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis. All expenses are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except for expenses incurred in relation to the launch of the Company, which have been charged against share premium.

Taxation

The Company is exempt from Guernsey income tax under the Income Tax (Exempt Bodies) Guernsey Ordinance 1989 and is charged an annual exemption fee of £1,200 (2022: £1,200).

3. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Board of Directors considers that the Company is engaged in a single segment of business, being the holding of investments. The Board considers that it is the Company's Chief Operating Decision Maker.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate was revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The areas involving significant estimates or judgements are:

- Classification of and subsequent measurement basis of financial instruments see note 2 (Financial assets classification);
- Determination of the functional currency see note 2 (Foreign exchange);
- Estimated fair value of financial assets measured at FVPL see notes 7 and 9; and
- Impairment of financial assets measured at amortised cost see notes 8 and 12.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2023

5. SIGNIFICANT AGREEMENTS

The following significant agreements have been entered into by the Company:

Administration, Custodian and Secretarial Agreement

Under the Administration, Custodian and Secretarial Agreement, the Company has agreed to pay or procure to be paid to the administrator, for its services as administrator, secretary, custodian and registrar, a fee of 0.13% (2022: 0.11%) per annum of the Company's funds (as reduced by any redemptions of Ordinary Shares prior to the Redemption Date, which attract a redemption fee of up to 0.5% of the value of the redemption). In addition the administrator is entitled to receive interest earned by the Company on the unpaid element of the fees due to the date of termination. See notes 10, 12, 13 and 18 for details of administration fees and interest paid in the year and balances outstanding at the year end.

Investment Advisory Agreement

Under the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Company has agreed to pay or procure to be paid to the advisor, for its services as advisor, a fee of 0.60% (2022: 0.60%) per annum of the Company's funds (as reduced by any redemptions of Ordinary Shares prior to the Redemption Date, which attract a redemption fee of up to 0.75% of the value of the redemption). In addition the Investment Advisor is entitled to receive interest earned by the Company on the unpaid element of the fees due to the date of termination. See notes 10, 12 and 18 for details of investment advisory fees and interest paid in the year and balances outstanding at the year end.

Distribution Agreement

Under the Distribution Agreement, the Company has agreed to pay or procure to be paid to the Distributors a fee of 0.60% (2022: 0.60%) per annum of that portion of the Company's funds that is derived from the subscription amount subscribed for by Subscribers introduced by the Distributor (as reduced by any redemptions of such Ordinary Shares prior to the Redemption Date). See notes 10 and 12 for details of distribution fees paid in the year and balances outstanding at the year end. Investec Corporate and Institutional Banking, the Company's Investment Advisor, is also a Distributor for the Company.

All fees described above are payable annually in advance on the anniversary of the Trade Date (the date of investment of the Company's funds) each year until the Termination Date (the date of compulsory redemption of the ordinary shares).

6.	INTEREST INCOME	2023	2022
		£	£
	Interest on investments at amortised cost	3,868,036	2,689,116
	Bank interest	22,021_	4,125
		3,890,057	2,693,241

The effective interest rate used for calculating the interest on the Company's debt instrument (see note 8) is 6.0340% (2022: 4.5808% and 4.9299% for the Company's two structured deposits respectively).

7.	INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS	2023	2022
		£	£
	Goldman Sachs International Index Option		
	Fair value brought forward	12,362,976	13,295,944
	Fair value adjustment	-	(3,205,927)
	Disposal	(19,534,251)	-
	Gain on disposal	8,061,754	-
	Translation difference	(890,479)	2,272,959
	Fair value carried forward		12,362,976

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 30 September 2023

7. INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (continued)

The Goldman Sachs International (GSI) Option was a Call Option referenced to the Euro Stoxx 50 index (30%), the S&P 500 index (40%) and the Nikkei 225 index (30%). The Option matured on 24 April 2023.

The Directors determined the fair value of the Option based on valuations provided by Goldman Sachs. The valuation/price of the Option was calculated by Goldman Sachs using an option pricing model and a closing price was published daily on Bloomberg.

During the year, following the rollover of the Company in May 2023, the Company acquired a new call option from BNP Paribas, which matures on 8 May 2028.

	2023	2022
	£	£
BNP Paribas Index Basket Option		
Purchase	21,995,849	-
Fair value adjustment in the year	1,615,781	-
Translation difference	(326,919)	
Fair value carried forward	23,284,711	-

The BNP Paribas (BNPP) Option is a call option referenced to a basket of indices comprising the following:

•	S&P 500 Index	40%
•	Euro Stoxx 50 Index	30%
•	Nikkei 225 Index	30%

The Option has been classified as a level 2 investment in the fair value hierarchy, as the valuation is derived from observable inputs other than quoted prices in an active market (see note 19(iv)).

The key inputs to the valuation were the notional value of the BNPP Option of USD 141,964,627 and the published price of the Option of 20.02% as at 30 September 2023 (at acquisition 18.65%).

The key inputs to the published price of the Option were the closing prices as at 30 September 2023 of the Euro Stoxx 50 index (4,174.66 (at acquisition: 4,348.65)), S&P 500 index (4,288.05 (at acquisition: 4,138.12)) and Nikkei 225 index (31,857.62 (at acquisition: 28,949.88)).

The Directors determine the fair value of the Option based on valuations provided by BNPP. The valuations of the Option are calculated by BNPP using option pricing models and prices are published daily on Reuters.

8.	INVESTMENTS AT AMORTISED COST	2023	2022
		£	£
	Investec Bank Limited (IBL) Structured Deposits		
	Carrying value brought forward	66,981,928	52,972,489
	Interest	1,717,292	2,689,116
	Disposal	(63,874,652)	-
	Translation difference	(4,824,568)	11,320,323
	Carrying value carried forward		66,981,928

The IBL Structured Deposits matured on 25 April 2023.

The IBL Structured Deposits were measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest used for calculating the interest income is disclosed in note 6.

During the year, following the rollover of the Company in May 2023, the Company acquired a new debt instrument, a holding of USD 142,000,000 Morgan Stanley Finance LLC Zero Coupon Linear Credit Linked Notes maturing on 5 May 2028.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2023

8.	INVESTMENTS AT AMORTISED COST (continued)	2023	2022
		£	£
	Morgan Stanley Credit Linked Notes (CLNs)		
	Purchase	87,914,680	-
	Interest for the year	2,150,744	-
	Translation difference	(1,247,014)	-
	Carrying value carried forward	88,818,410	-

The calculation of impairment, including expected credit losses, is based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgments in making this assumption and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation based on past history and existing market conditions (see note 19(ii)). The Company has assessed the investment in the CLNs for impairment and expected credit losses at the reporting date and has concluded that as at the year end no impairment or credit losses are expected over the life of the investment (2022: no impairment or credit losses were expected over the life of the IBL Structured Deposits).

The Morgan Stanley CLNs are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest used for calculating the interest income is disclosed in note 6.

The fair value of the Morgan Stanley CLNs, calculated by ICIB at 30 September 2023, was £84,918,107 (2022: the IBL Structured Deposits, £66,599,212).

9.	DERIVATIVES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS	2023	2022
		£	£
	Fair value brought forward	(199,859)	204,394
	Disposal	185,464	(389,383)
	Translation difference	14,395	(14,870)
	Fair value carried forward	<u> </u>	(199,859)

Derivatives at fair value through profit or loss comprised interest rate swaps, which were acquired to fix the interest rate on the accreting deposit components of the Structured Deposits (see note 8). The interest rate swaps were measured at their marked-to-market value, based on valuations provided by the swap issuer, less a provision for unwind costs, estimated by the Investment Advisor, and expired on 25 April 2023.

The interest rate swap was classified as a level 2 investment in the fair value hierarchy.

10. OPERATING EXPENSES	2023	2022
	£	£
Distributors' fees	494,414	347,000
Investment advisory fees	490,666	349,736
Administration fees	104,996	65,827
Audit fee	8,122	8,122
GFSC licence fee	3,823	3,801
Listing and sponsorship fees	9,217	8,687
Statutory fees	1,779	1,575
Professional indemnity insurance	1,429	1,365
Legal and professional fees	2,998	-
Interest expense	2,352	2,701
Sundry expenses	2,396	587
	1,122,192	789,401

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 30 September 2023

11. E	ARNINGS/	(LOSS)	PER	ORDINARY	SHARE
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1

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share is based on the following data:			
	2023	2022	
Earnings/(loss) attributable to ordinary shares:	£	£	
Profit/(loss) for the purpose of calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share being profit/(loss) for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders	12,625,009	(1,691,590)	
Number of shares:			
Weighted average total of A and B Class shares for the purpose of basic			
earnings per share	50,574.818	43,318.101	
Earnings/(loss) per share attributable to A Class shares	GBP 249.63	GBP (39.05)	
Earnings/(loss) per share attributable to B Class shares	GBP 249.63	GBP (39.05)	

A weighted average number of shares has been calculated to enable users to gain a fairer understanding of the earnings generated per share through the year. The weighted average has been calculated with reference to the number of days shares have actually been in issue in the year, and hence their ability to influence income generated.

12. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	2023	2022
	£	£
Bank interest receivable	21,705	-
Prepaid administration fee	90,058	-
Prepaid distributors' fees	394,671	227,913
Prepaid investment advisory fee	415,655	229,591
Other debtors and prepayments	9,075	34,052
	931,164	491,556

The balance of trade and other receivables principally comprises prepayments, therefore a provision for expected credit losses is not required.

13. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	2023	2022
	£	£
Current		
Audit fee	8,900	8,000
Distribution fees	12,003	-
Interest payable	4,281	25,644
Administration fee	<u>-</u>	14,903
Other accruals	-	3,569
	25,184	52,116
Non-current		
Interest payable	3,173	-
	3,173	_

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2023

14. SHARE CAPITAL

Following the adoption of the Company's amended Articles of Association on 22 March 2019, the Company no longer has any defined authorised capital.

	2023	2022
	£	£
Issued:		
10 unpaid Management shares of £1 each	10	10
21,276.831 (2022: 24,720.472) A Class shares of £0.01 each	213	247
39,937.903 (2022: 18,597.629) B Class shares of US\$0.01 each	317	149
	540	406

On 5 May 2023, 5,003.864 A Class shares were redeemed at a price of £1,837.80 per share; 1,560.233 A Class shares were issued at a price of £1,837.80 per share; 4,737.532 B Class shares were redeemed at a price of USD 2,319.12 per share; and 26,077.806 B Class shares were issued at a price of USD 2,319.12 per share.

A Class and B Class shares are entitled to 1 vote each at a general meeting of the Company. Under the terms of the Company's new prospectus, and in the absence of a further special resolution to extend the life of the Company, the Company's shares will be redeemed and the Company will terminate on 5 May 2028. A Class and B Class shareholders are entitled to receive any dividends or distributions from the Company and any surplus arising on the winding up of the Company after the payment of creditors and redemption of the Management shares at their nominal value.

Management shares are entitled to 10,000 votes each at a general meeting of the Company. Management shares may only be owned by The Basket Trust (see note 18) or its nominee. Management shareholders are not entitled to receive any dividends or distributions from the Company nor any surplus arising on the winding up of the Company in excess of the nominal value of the Management shares.

15. SHARE PREMIUM

B Class	Total
£	£
25,678,054	51,135,535
47,925,585	50,792,947
(6,532,557)	(13,424,204)
(16,377)	(25,102)
67,054,705	88,479,176
B Class	Total
£	£
25,678,054	51,135,535
	£ 25,678,054 47,925,585 (6,532,557) (16,377) 67,054,705 B Class £

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2023

16. RETAINED EARNINGS

Movements in retained earnings are attributable to A Class and B Class shareholders as follows:

2023	A Class	B Class	Total
	£	£	£
Balance brought forward	14,708,394	4,569,722	19,278,116
Shares redeemed during the year	(2,281,412)	(2,159,983)	(4,441,395)
Net profit for the year	6,402,136	6,222,873	12,625,009
Balance carried forward	18,829,118	8,632,612	27,461,730
2022	A Class	B Class	Total
	£	£	£
Balance brought forward	15,673,739	5,295,967	20,969,706
Net loss for the year	(965,345)	(726,245)	(1,691,590)
Balance carried forward	14,708,394	4,569,722	19,278,116

17. TRANSLATION RESERVE

Movements in the translation reserve are attributable to A Class and B Class shareholders as follows:

2023	A Class £	B Class	Total £
Balance brought forward	5,321,493	4,003,450	9,324,943
Shares redeemed during the year	(22,993)	(14,057)	(37,050)
Foreign exchange translation losses	(4,091,890)	(1,724,514)	(5,816,404)
Balance carried forward	1,206,610	2,264,879	3,471,489
2022	A Class	B Class	Total
	£	£	£
Balance brought forward	(2,507,974)	(1,886,792)	(4,394,766)
Foreign exchange translation gains	7,829,467	5,890,242	13,719,709
Balance carried forward	5,321,493	4,003,450	9,324,943

18. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The immediate controlling party at the year end date is Praxis Trustees Limited as trustee of The Basket Trust, which owns the Management shares in the Company. There is no ultimate controlling party of the Company.

Sanne Fund Services (Guernsey) Limited ('SFSGL'), the administrator of the Company, is deemed to be a related party, as Janine Lewis (a Director of the Company) is a director of SFSGL; David Stephenson (a Director of the Company) is an employee of SFSGL; and Keri Lancaster-King (a Director of the Company) is a director of SFSGL. During the year SFSGL earned £104,996 (2022: £65,827) for its services as administrator. At the year end date administration fees of £90,058 had been paid to SFSGL in advance (2022: £14,903 payable to SFSGL) and interest of £6,199 (2022: £4,893) on outstanding fees was payable to SFSGL.

The Investment Advisor, Investec Corporate and Institutional Banking ("ICIB"), a division of Investec Bank Limited, and Investec Bank Limited itself, are deemed to be related parties. During the year ICIB earned £490,666 (2022: £349,736) for their services as investment advisor. At the year end date investment advisory fees of £415,655 had been paid to ICIB in advance (2022: £229,591) and interest of £1,254 (2022: £20,751) on outstanding fees was payable to ICIB. The balances and transactions during the year with Investec Bank Limited related to the investments at amortised cost are disclosed in note 8.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2023

19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK FACTORS

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk from the financial instruments it holds. The Company has a fixed modus operandi, as stated in its prospectus, which is to invest its capital in a zero coupon bond, or other debt instruments with similar characteristics, and an option or options on a specified index or basket of indices; and to retain a certain element of cash to cover expenses to be incurred over the specified period of its life. As a result of this, the Company's flexibility in dealing with the risks associated with these instruments is somewhat limited. However, the risk management policies that are employed by the Company to manage these risks are discussed below. There have been no changes to the Company's exposure to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk; or its objectives, policies and procedures for managing such risks, since the prior year.

(i) Market risk

(a) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the Company's functional currency. As at 30 September 2023 the Company was exposed to foreign exchange risk in relation to the following assets and liabilities:

		2023	2022
	Source currency	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	Pound Sterling	1,527	8
Cash and cash equivalents	South African Rand	-	893
Trade and other payables	Pound Sterling	(8,900)	(10,127)
		(7,373)	(9,226)

At 30 September 2023, the foreign currency exposure of the Company against the measurement currency of US Dollars, principally to Sterling, represented -0.01% of Equity Shareholder's Funds (2022: -0.01%). The Company's policy is not to manage the Company's exposure to foreign exchange movements by entering into any foreign exchange hedging transactions. If the exchange rate of the US Dollar against Pound Sterling at the year end date had been 10% higher/lower, this would have resulted in an increase/decrease in the year end net asset value of £737 (2022: increase/decrease of £923). The sensitivity rate of 10% is regarded as reasonable as this is the approximate volatility of Pound Sterling against the US Dollar during the year.

The Company had no other material currency exposures as at 30 September 2023 or 30 September 2022.

(b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its cash and cash equivalents and on interest payable on outstanding future fees. At 30 September 2023, the Company held cash on call accounts of £672,122 (2022: £154,515), which earned no interest (2022: weighted average rate of 0.04%), and held long-term deposits of £5,734,885 (2022: no long-term deposits). At 30 September 2023, the Company had outstanding future fees on which interest is payable of £3,313,900 (2022: no outstanding future fees on which interest was payable).

Had these balances existed for the whole of the year, the effect on the Statement of Comprehensive Income of an increase/decrease of 2.0% per annum in short term interest rates (2022: increase of 1.0%/decrease of 0.5% per annum) would have been an increase of £61,862/decrease of £48,420 in total comprehensive income for the year (2022: increase of £1,545/decrease of £25). The sensitivity rate of 2.0% is regarded as reasonable as a result of the prevailing higher rates of interest rates globally.

The Company had no other material interest rate exposures as at either 30 September 2023 or 30 September 2022. The Company's debt instrument investments are not interest-bearing, however they are measured at amortised cost, and the unwind of the discount over the life of the investments is recognised as interest in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2023

19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK FACTORS (continued)

(c) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the value of an instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer or all factors affecting all instruments traded in the market. The Company's investments at FVTPL are directly affected by changes in market prices.

Price risk is managed at inception by investing in a combination of financial instruments: one or more holdings of zero coupon bonds, or other debt instruments with similar characteristics, that should provide capital protection for investors; and a call option on a basket of indices that the investment advisor believes is most likely to provide positive performance during the life of the Company. In order to provide capital protection, the amount of the debt instruments acquired is calculated with the intention that the maturing amount of the debt instruments will be sufficient to guarantee that all investors who remain in the Company to maturity will, at minimum, get back the amount that they invested. The Call Option provides the potential for significant upside performance, should the relevant indices perform well, with the downside limited to loss of the initial option premium.

The investment premise of the Company involves participation in the potential upside afforded by the Option, whilst enjoying the capital protection afforded by the debt instruments. Therefore, whilst the Board monitors the performance of the Option and debt instruments, it is unlikely that the Board would consider redeeming these at any stage, other than in relation to the redemption of investors' shares. As a result, the management of price risk effectively occurs at the inception of the Company in the selection of investments, and is not an active ongoing process during the remainder of the life of the Company.

The investments at FVTPL expose the Company to price risk. The details are as follows:

£	£
BNP Paribas Index Basket Option 23,284,711	-
Goldman Sachs International Index Option - 12,362	,976
Derivatives at fair value through profit or loss (199	,859)
23,284,711 12,163	,117

A 50 per cent increase/decrease in the published price of the Option at 30 September 2023 would have increased/decreased the Net Asset Value of the Company by £11,642,356 (2022: £6,181,488). The sensitivity rate of 50% is regarded as reasonable due to the potential volatility of the indices to which the Option is linked (2022: Euro Stoxx 50 index), magnified by the participation rate of 150% (2022: 200%) attached to the Option.

(ii) Credit risk

Credit risk arises when a failure by counter-parties to discharge their obligations could reduce the amount of future cash inflows from financial assets on hand at the year end date. These financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, fixed deposits, trade and other receivables, available-for-sale investments and investments at FVTPL. The Company's exposure to credit risk arises from default of the counterparty with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying value or fair value of these instruments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2023

19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK FACTORS (continued)

(ii) Credit risk (continued)

The Company states in its Prospectus that it will invest in a holding of debt instruments and an option linked to a specified index, and provides extensive disclosure to shareholders of those instruments and the risks attached thereto. As a result of this, the Company's policy for managing the credit risk attached to the Company's financial assets is to monitor the credit rating of the relevant counterparty for any significant deterioration, without reference to an absolute range of credit ratings. In the event of there being any significant deterioration in the perceived creditworthiness of the counterparty to a point where shareholders' interest may be at risk, the Directors in their absolute discretion would consider the following courses of action: selling the relevant securities to third party purchasers and reinvesting the proceeds in the purchase of securities of another issuer, such that the new securities would replicate as closely as possible the terms and conditions of the original securities; and transferring cash to another banking institution. At initial recognition of the debt instruments and the Option, the Directors considered the credit risk attached to these instruments to be low, and this remains their view. The Directors would only seek to sell the relevant securities or transfer cash if they (in consultation with the investment advisor) consider that such would be in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders.

In accordance with this policy, the Board and the Investment Advisor have noted that the credit rating of Morgan Stanley as at 30 September 2023 was A+ (2022: IBL, BB-). As a result, the Directors and the investment advisor believe that it is not in the best interest of shareholders to attempt to unwind the debt instruments prior to their maturity date on 5 May 2028, as they believe firstly that there has been no significant deterioration in the creditworthiness of Morgan Stanley, and secondly that obtaining an alternative investment with an institution with a higher credit rating could only be achieved on less favourable terms than those offered by the debt instruments, which could affect the Company's ability to offer capital protection to shareholders on their investment.

The Option is held with BNP Paribas, which has a Fitch long-term rating of A+ (2022: Goldman Sachs International, A+). The cash and cash equivalents are held with Investec Bank (Channel Islands) Limited, which has a Fitch long term rating at the year end date of BBB+ (2022: BBB+).

The Company monitors the creditworthiness of its counterparties on an ongoing basis and considers a financial asset to be in default when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 60 days of when they fall due. No instances of default or significant changes to the Company's credit risk or expected loss rates have been identified in the last 12 months.

The majority of the Company's trade and other receivables consists of prepayments and there is no credit risk associated with these balances.

(iii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet financial liability obligations as they fall due, which may cause financial losses to the Company. The Company places its cash and cash equivalents with financial institutions on a short-term basis in order to maintain a high level of liquidity. This ensures that the Company is able to complete transactions in a timely manner, thus minimising the Company's exposure to such losses.

The Board reviews the cash resources of the Company on an ongoing basis to ensure that sufficient monies are held on call account to meet the Company's short-term obligations. At 30 September 2023 the total balance of cash on call was £672,122 (2022: £154,515), which is considered by the Board to be sufficient to meet all the Company's short-term obligations.

The following table analyses the Company's financial liabilities, which will be settled on a net basis, into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the year ended 30 September 2023

19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK FACTORS (continued)

(iii) Liquidity risk (continued)

2023	0-6 months £	6-12 months £	1-5 years £
Trade and other payables	25,184	<u>-</u>	3,173
Net exposure	25,184	-	3,173
	0-6 months	6-12 months	1-5 years
2022	£	£	£
Trade and other payables	26,472	25,644	
Net exposure	26,472	25,644	

(iv) Fair value hierarchy

The following table analyses instruments carried at fair value, by level of the fair value hierarchy. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- · Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices);
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

2023	Level 1	Level 2 £	Level 3 £	Total £
Investments at fair value through profit or loss		23,284,711 23,284,711	<u>-</u>	23,284,711 23,284,711
2022	Level 1	Level 2 £	Level 3 £	Total £
Investments at fair value through profit or loss Derivative assets at fair value through profit or	-	12,362,976	-	12,362,976
loss		(199,859) 12,163,117	-	(199,859) 12,163,117

There have been no transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy during the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the year ended 30 September 2023

20. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's capital comprises the funds it has raised through the issue of share capital.

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to ensure that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern, the Board continuously monitors forecast and actual cash flows and matches the maturity profiles of assets and liabilities. The Board has also considered the impact of the ongoing conflicts in Ukraine and the Middle East subsequent to the year end, and does not believe that these factors will have a significant impact on the Company's capital or its ability to continue as a going concern. The Company has no external borrowings.

Shareholders may be able to redeem their Shares prior to the Redemption Date, however such redemptions are wholly at the discretion of the Directors, and any request for redemption may be refused in whole or in part. No early redemptions will be permitted unless the Directors are satisfied that they have complied with all applicable law, including satisfaction of the solvency test as required by the Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008. There have been no changes to the Company's objectives or policies and procedures for managing capital since the previous year end.

21. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There were no significant post balance sheet events requiring disclosure in these financial statements.